The Artists that Inspire the Art Lessons

Piet Mondrian (1872-1944) was a Dutch painter that was one of the pioneers of abstract art. His later work for which he is best known was created with geometric squares and rectangles, thick and thin black lines, and mainly primary colors (red, blue, and yellow), black, white, and gray.





Henri Matisse (1869-1954) was a French artist who was known for his bold colors and shapes. His early work was considered revolutionary in that it departed drastically from traditional art. His paintings expressed emotion with wild colors that often "fought with each other." His work was objective, yet his colors were sometimes not realistic. He later transitioned to more abstract forms as in the samples in this lesson. Later in life, due to illness he was confined to a wheelchair and could no longer sit or stand at an easel to paint, so he began working with collage, using cut paper and glue. He described his later work as "drawing with scissors."

Jean Miró (1893-1993) was a Spanish artist whose work was both objective and non-objective abstract surrealism. He lived in both Barcelona and Paris and was best known for his later work which consisted of simple organic and geometric shapes and lines. His playful work was often referred to as childlike.



The Artists that Inspire the Art Lessons

Marc Chagall (1887-1985) was a Russian-born artist who spent his working life in Belarus, France, and New York City (during WWII). He was considered a Modernist painter. His work was dreamlike and fanciful. His themes based on Jewish folklore from Eastern European cultures. His art tells stories. It has been said that "his colors sparkle with poetry."





Frida Kahlo (1907-1954) is now one of the most famous women artists in the world. She was born in Mexico City and spent most of her life in Mexico with short says in San Francisco and Detroit with her famous husband, painter Diego Rivera. Her art was most often very personal in that she did many self-portraits, many of them depicted with her favorite *animalitos* and pets. She explained that "I paint myself because I am often alone, and I am the subject I know best." She was considered a surrealist painter as her work, while somewhat realistic, was strange and unreal at the same time. She rarely smiled because she was in constant pain, having suffered a terrible bus accident in Mexico City when she was just 18 that left her with many physical medical problems.

Vocabulary Words Learned in this Unit Plan

Try and use some of these words in your poetry:

Types of lines:
horizontal
vertical
diagonal
perpendicular
parallel
intersecting
straight
wavy
zigzag
broken

Types of shapes:
geometric
square
circle
rectangle
triangle
star
oval
heart
pentagon
hexagon
organic

zigzag pentagon
broken hexagon
curly organic
jagged

Artist Names you may have learned about:
Piet Mondrian
Henri Matisse
Jean Miró
Marc Chagall
Frida Kahlo

Types of colors: primary red blue vellow secondary orange purple/violet green tertiary red-orange yellow-orange, yellow-green blue-green blue-violet red-violet warm colors cool colors

Types/Styles of Art: realistic/realism surrealistic/surrealism abstract/abstracted objective non-objective revolutionary traditional non-traditional landscape seascape cityscape impressionist/impressionism post-impressionist self-portrait wildlife botanical modern art narrative

Misc. Art Words: illustrator fashion designer architect industrial designer landscape designer graphic designer overlapping floating mixed-media splatter symbols cutouts collage poems/poetry dream-like rhyme rhythm imagery structure pattern